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## MORTALITY-FOREIGN AND INSULAR-COUNTRIES AND CITIES (untabulated).

France—Calais.—Month of March, 1911. Population, 80,000. Total number of deaths from all causes, 111, including measles 5, tuberculosis 24.

Great Britain.—Week ended April 1, 1911.

England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 77 great towns correspond to an annual rate of 15.4 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 17,160,256.

Ireland.—The deaths registered in 21 principal town districts correspond to an annual rate of 20.7 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,163,596. The lowest rate was recorded at Wexford, viz, 9.3, and the highest at Tralee, viz, 47.6 per 1,000 of the population.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns correspond to an annual rate of 15.6 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,917,875. The lowest was recorded at Aberdeen, viz, 9.4, and the highest at Greenock, viz, 22.5 per 1,000. The total number of deaths from all causes was 573, including diphtheria 3, measles 1, scarlet fever 3.

Greece—Patras.—March 15 to 31, 1911. Population, 39,000. Total number of deaths from all causes, 39, including diphtheria 1, measles 2, tuberculosis 3.

Malta.—Two weeks ended February 25, 1911. Population, 215,879. Total number of deaths from all causes, 182, including diphtheria 2, tuberculosis 6, typhoid fever 1.

Month of March, 1911. Total number of deaths from all causes reported 233 (deaths for the week ended March 18 not reported), including 20 from tuberculosis.

SIAM—Bangkok.—Four weeks ended February 20, 1911. Population, 600,000. Total number of deaths from all causes, not reported. The deaths include smallpox 8, cholera 235, plague 16.

Spain—Almeria.—Month of March, 1911. Population, 50,910. Total number of deaths from all causes, 139, including diphtheria 1, tuberculosis 14, typhus fever 4.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

Walter Wyman,
Surgeon General,
United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.